

CARTA

The Center for Academic Research and Training in Anthropogeny (CARTA) is a virtual organization formed to promote transdisciplinary research on human origins by drawing on methods from a number of traditional disciplines spanning the social, biomedical, biological, computational and engineering, physical and chemical sciences, and the humanities. CARTA is a collaboration between faculty at UC San Diego and the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, along with interested scientists at other institutions.

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CARTA Summary Report 2024 (Scan the QR code for online PDF)



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CO-DIRECTORS' MESSAGE EXPLORING THE ORIGINS OF THE HUMAN PHENOMENON

Dear Friends,

This report outlines the many contributions of CARTA with regard to catalyzing collaborative work, educational opportunities for UC San Diego students, and public education. Here, we share feedback from CARTA members, Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students and alumni, and the broader public, both nationally and internationally.

Anthropogeny, the study of human origins, is motivated by one of the big unanswered questions of humanity: "Where did we come from?" The Center for Academic Research and Training in Anthropogeny (CARTA), a collaboration between UC San Diego and the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, continues to pursue its stated goal of "exploring and explaining the origins of the human phenomenon." This is accomplished in four principal ways: 1) Symposia that promote transdisciplinary dialogue among experts from around the world to address important topics and recent developments in human origins research; 2) Training the next generation of scientists, students, and thinkers in the ability to integrate different knowledge bases; 3) Engaging the public in CARTA's ongoing exploration by sharing symposia presentations synchronously and archiving closed-captioned videos through YouTube, UCTV/UCSD-TV, and other sites; and 4) Providing free and open-access anthropogeny-related resources to the public via our website.

A better understanding of human behavior and the unique combination of biocultural processes that have shaped our

species is crucial, especially when addressing the important and urgent challenges we face today. Anthropogenic climate change is an immediate threat and the human-caused global biodiversity crisis amounts to the sixth mass extinction event in the Earth's history. Other issues range from medicine to child-rearing, from education to mediating social conflicts, and from neuroscience to artificial intelligence.

CARTA was founded 16 years ago by a small group of faculty from UC San Diego and the Salk Institute for Biological Studies. It has since grown into a global virtual organization with over 400 expert members, representing diverse scientific disciplines across both the natural and social sciences, including the arts and humanities. Members are faculty engaged in research relevant to the understanding of human origins. CARTA has organized and administered 49 public symposia, each of them followed by a day-long discussion session for the speakers, CARTA members, and graduate student participants in the UC San Diego Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny. CARTA public symposium talks are livestreamed, recorded, and made freely available online through partnership with University of California Television (UCTV), as well as on the CARTA website, which has over 13,000 registered users. These online CARTA recordings, many with professional closed-captioning, have generated more than 43 million views to date, making CARTA UCTV's most popular "Science" series and their second most popular series overall.

Because of livestreaming and high-quality video production, CARTA quickly adapted to the COVID-19 pandemic by switching to online-only events. Our timely and topical May 2020 symposium, *The Impact of Infectious Disease on Humans and Our Origins*, was relevant to the pandemic and included local infectious disease experts from UC San Diego Health, the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, and the La Jolla Institute for Immunology (LJI).

CARTA members have engaged in numerous collaborations directly facilitated by its meetings. Over 50 local faculty from UC San Diego, including Health Sciences, Scripps Institution of Oceanography (SIO), and the Salk Institute for Biological Studies, are CARTA members and provide a diverse range of invaluable expertise. Many of these local members have regularly lectured for the Osher Lifelong Learning Institute's Master Classes in Anthropogeny.

In 2023, two of our Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny alumni returned as invited speakers for our symposium, Comparative Anthropogeny and Other Approaches to Human Origins, and became CARTA members. For 2024, CARTA partnered with Arizona State University's Institute of Human Origins and sponsored Lucy's 50th Anniversary Symposium, and we organized two symposia proposed by members: Body Modification, and How Humans Came to Construct Their Worlds.

CARTA is proud to contribute to UC San Diego's profile through global recognition in the study of human origins.

Happy reading and best wishes.

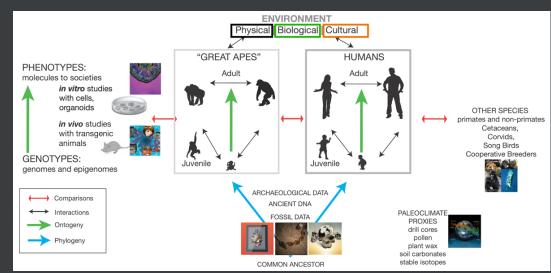
Pascal Gagneux, CARTA Executive Co-Director Katerina Semendeferi, CARTA Co-Director Gerald F. Joyce, CARTA Co-Director

WHAT IS CARTA?

The Center for Academic Research and Training in Anthropogeny (CARTA) is a collaboration between UC San Diego and the Salk Institute for Biological Studies faculty, along with a global panel of prominent experts, to promote transdisciplinary research on human origins. Our core programs include symposia to share and stimulate research on what makes us human, and the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny available to PhD students in participating departments at UC San Diego.

WHAT IS ANTHROPOGENY?

Anthropogeny is the scientific investigation of the origins of our species. Anthropogeny utilizes fossil, archaeological, and genomic evidence. It includes the comparison of genomes, development, life histories, and behavior across humans and our closest living relatives (and other species). Anthropogeny explores the impact of genetic changes in model systems and studies the roles of biological and cultural environments.



Modified from: Varki, A. & Nelson, D.L. (2007). Genomic Comparisons of Humans and Chimpanzees. Annual Review of Anthropology, 36.

Organization



Pascal Gagneux Executive Co-Director, CARTA; Chair, Department of Anthropology; Professor, Departments of Anthropology and Pathology, UC San Diego

CO-DIRECTORS



Katerina Semendeferi Co-Director, CARTA; Director, Laboratory for Human Comparative Neuroanatomy; Co-Director, Archealization Center: Professor, Department of Anthropology. UC San Diego



Gerald F. Joyce Co-Director, CARTA; President and Professor, Salk Institute for **Biological Studies**

ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS



Rachel Mayberry Associate Director, CARTA; Director, Laboratory for Multi-Modal Language Development; Professor, Department of Linguistics, UC San Diego



Alysson Muotri Associate Director, CARTA; Co-Director, Archealization Center; Professor, Departments of Pediatrics and Cellular and Molecular Medicine, UC San Diego

INTERNAL ADVISORS



Robert Kluender Professor, Department of Linguistics, UC San Diego



Carol Marchetto Professor, Department of Anthropology, UC San Diego; Adjunct Assistant Professor, Salk Institute for Biological Studies

ADMINISTRATION



Linda Nelson **Management Services** Officer



Jesse Robie Program Manager



Kate Kaya CyberInfrastructure Lead



Viswanath Nandigam CyberInfrastructure Specialist

EXTERNAL ADVISORS



Alyssa Crittenden Dean of the Graduate College; Professor, Department of Anthropology, University of Nevada, Las Vegas



Sciences, University of Washington



Evan Eichler Investigator, Howard Hughes Medical Institute: Professor, Department of Genome



Daniel Geschwind Distinguished Professor of Human Genetics, Neurology, and Psychiatry, School of Medicine, UCLA



Yohannes Haile-Selassie Director, Institute of Human Origins; Virginia M. Ullman Professor of Natural History and the Environment, Arizona State University



Joseph Henrich Ruth Moore Professor of Biological Anthropology, Department of Human **Evolutionary Biology, Harvard University**



Terrence Sejnowski Francis Crick Chair, Professor, Computational Neurobiology Laboratory, Salk Institute for Biological Studies



Anne Stone Regents Professor and Associate Director, Center for Evolution and Medicine, School of Human Evolution and Social Change, Arizona State University



Sarah Tishkoff Director, Penn Center for Global Genomics and Health Equity; David and Lyn Silfen University Professor in Genetics and Biology, University of Pennsylvania

EMERITI CO-DIRECTORS



Ajit Varki Founding Executive Co-Director, CARTA; Distinguished Professor of Medicine and Cellular & Molecular Medicine, UC San Diego; Adjunct Professor, Salk Institute for Biological Studies



Fred Gage Founding Co-Director, CARTA; Professor and former President, Salk Institute for Biological Studies; Adjunct Professor of Neurosciences, UC San Diego



Margaret Schoeninger Founding Co-Director, CARTA; Distinguished Professor Emerita of Anthropology, UC San Diego

CARTA OVERVIEW

The Origins of CARTA

Researchers in diverse fields related to human origins (anthropogeny) began meeting in the La Jolla area in the late 1990s, an effort coordinated by the UC San Diego Project for Explaining the Origin of Humans (POH). The group consisted of experts in San Diego and many others from around the world. The primary activity of the group was to organize transdisciplinary meetings in La Jolla, and to facilitate interactions via the internet.

As wider interest grew and practical opportunities surfaced, the original Project was re-established in January 2008 as a formal Organized Research Unit (ORU) at UC San Diego and in close collaboration with interested faculty at the Salk Institute for Biological Studies. Thus, the Center for Academic Research and Training in Anthropogeny, or CARTA, was founded.

CARTA is now a center with over 400 members that facilitates transdisciplinary dialogue among researchers in combination with graduate education in relevant departments and programs to equip the next generation of scholars who will formulate and address questions concerning the origins of humanity.

1995

Informal meetings, organized by Ajit Varki, bring together local researchers to inquire about human uniqueness from the perspective of their specialties:

- Floyd Bloom (neurosciences) • Theodore Bullock (neurosciences)
- Patricia Churchland (philosophy)
- Russell Doolittle (biology)
- - Bob Katzman (neurology)
- Kurt Benirschke (comparative pathology) Roy D'Andrade (anthropology) James J. Moore (biological anthropology)
 - David Perlmutter (linguistics)
 - Fred H. Gage (neurosciences) Terry Sejnowski (neurosciences)
 - Ajit Varki (medicine; cellular and molecular medicine)

1996 1997

January 1996: First formal organization of these meetings under the name, The La Jolla Group for Explaining the Origin of Humans (LOH).



February 1998: First formal LOH meeting, Explaining Humans, takes place with support from the Preuss Family Foundation.

The G. Harold and Leila Y. Mathers Foundation begins support for LOH.



LOH becomes the UC San Diego-recognized Project for Explaining the Origins of Humans (POH).

The POH website launches with help from Chaitan Baru, San Diego Supercomputer Center.

POH launches the first iteration of the online resource, the Matrix of Comparative Anthropogeny (MOCA), with help from Viswanath Nandigam, San Diego Supercomputer Center.



March 2004: First POH public symposium, Sequencing the Chimpanzee Genome: What Have We Learned?

The Primate Foundation of Arizona (PFA) donates a collection of chimpanzee skeletons, other samples, and records to POH. The Museum of Primatology (MOP) at UC San Diego is created to organize the collections.



January 2008: POH becomes the Center for Academic Research and Training in Anthropogeny (CARTA) with founding co-directors Ajit Varki, Fred Gage, and Margaret Schoeninger.

September 2008: First CARTA public symposium, Anthropogeny: Defining the Agenda.

Annette C. Merle-Smith begins support of CARTA public symposia.



March 2010: CARTA establishes the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny (a parenthetical degree program for students from participating graduate departments) and the CARTA fellowship in Anthropogeny at UC San Diego.

Digitization of the PFA chimpanzee skeletons as a virtual resource for research and comparative primatology with funding provided by Annette C. Merle-Smith.



May 2015: CARTA establishes the Annette C. Merle-Smith Fellowship established to support Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students.

October 2016: CARTA partners with Arizona State University to co-sponsor the symposium, Implications of Anthropogeny for Medicine and Health.

May 2017: CARTA partners with the KAVLI Institute for Brain and Mind to co-sponsor the symposium, Extraordinary Variations of the Human Mind: Lessons for Anthropogeny.

June 2018: The Paul G. Allen Frontiers Group co-supports the symposium, Imagination and Human Origins.

October 2018: CARTA partners with the KAVLI Institute for Brain and Mind to co-sponsor the symposium, Impact of Tool Use and Technology on the Evolution of the Human Mind.

New external advisory board named: Alyssa Crittenden (University of Nevada Las Vegas), Evan Eichler (University of Washington), Daniel Geschwind (University of California Los Angeles), Joseph Henrich (Harvard University), Anne Stone (Arizona State University), and Sarah Tishkoff (University of Pennsylvania).

October 2019: Nissi and Ajit Varki contribute a major gift in support of the continuance of CARTA's mission.



May 2020: CARTA converts its public symposia to virtual events in response to the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic, starting with Impact of Infectious Disease on Humans and Our Origins.

March 2021: Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny alumnus, Benjamin Cipollini PhD '14, sponsors the virtual symposium, Altered States of the Human Mind.

May 2021: Annette C. Merle-Smith initiates support for MOCA/CompAnth project. The National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) of the National Library of Medicine (NLM) agrees to publish completed MOCA entries as a free online book named CompAnth.

November 2021: CARTA surpasses 40-million video views of its long-running symposium series.

July 2022: Transition to current CARTA leadership.

September 2022: Yohannes Haile-Selassie, Director of the Institute of Human Origins at Arizona State University, joins CARTA's external advisory board.

May 2023: CARTA resumes in-person symposia with The Role of Myth in Anthropogeny.

April 2024: CARTA co-sponsors Lucy 50th Anniversary Symposium: The Impact of "Lucy" on Human Origins with Arizona State University's Institute of Human Origins (IHO).

October 2024: CARTA celebrates its 49th symposium, How Humans Came to Construct Their Worlds.

Scan the QR code to read about the late Jim Handelman's impact on CARTA.



By the Numbers

ORGANIZATION

EDUCATION

CARTA MEMBERS

UC SAN DIEGO GRADUATE

PUBLICATIONS PUBLISHED BY CARTA MEMBERS

FELLOWSHIPS AWARDED

>13K REGISTERED CARTA WEBSITE USERS

49 SYMPOSIA

CURRENT STUDENTS

448 SYMPOSIA VIDEOS

>43M

SYMPOSIA VIEWS

COUNTRIES WITH CARTA

NEWSLETTERS

>7K NEWSLETTER SUBSCRIBERS

3.1K X/TWITTER FOLLOWERS

2.3K FACEBOOK FOLLOWERS

FELLOWSHIP RECIPIENTS

(Students enrolled in the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny)

GRADUATED STUDENTS

AFFILIATE STUDENTS (Other students who enrolled in

ANTHROPOGENY FIELD COURSES

Partners

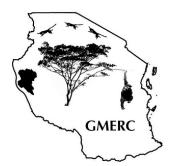
UC San Diego

UC San Diego Health



















Active Funders

Major Sponsor (\$500,000+)

- Anonymous
- Nissi & Ajit Varki

Benefactor (\$25,000+)

- Feroza Ardeshir & Suresh Subramani
- Sarah B. & Daniel B. Hrdv
- The Lookout Fund

Patron (\$10,000+)

- Anonymous
- Ingrid M. Benirschke-Perkins '79 & Gordon C. Perkins '82
- William H. Calvin & Katherine Graubard Calvin
- Benjamin N. Cipollini PhD '14
- Donald & Natalie Handelman
- Elizabeth C. Lancaster & Eli Shefter*

Past Funders

Founding Sponsor (\$10 million+)

• The G. Harold & Leila Y. Mathers Charitable Foundation (James H. Handelman*, Executive Director)

Major Sponsor (\$500,000+)

• Annette C. Merle-Smith*

Benefactor (\$25,000+)

- Rita L.* & Richard C. Atkinson
- The Kavli Institute for Brain and Mind

Patron (\$10,000+)

- The Paul G. Allen Frontiers Group
- Francisco J. Ayala*
- Kurt Benirschke*
- The Preuss Foundation for Medical Research
- Primate Foundation of Arizona

* Deceased



Discussion Sessions

Following the public symposium, CARTA organizes a discussion session on the same topic that is restricted to CARTA members, Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students, guest observers, and invited science writers. The primary purpose of these sessions is to discuss explanations for the origins and workings of the human phenomenon and to generate new ideas and agendas for exploring the matter. CARTA discussion sessions are held in-person in the Trustees' Room at the Salk Institute and virtually over Zoom. 30-minute discussion periods for each speaker/topic are followed by an overall discussion and question-and-answer session. This format promotes interactions between graduate students and speakers to provide students with the opportunity to network with and learn from researchers outside of their respective fields. The sessions are video recorded by Salk Media Services and archived on the CARTA website.

DISCUSSION SESSIONS
ARE MORE INTIMATE
AND CONDUCIVE
TO EVALUATING
AND EXCHANGING

IDEAS

TO SPARK NEW COLLABORATIONS

OVER THE LAST
15 YEARS

CARTA

HAS ORGANIZED

49

PUBLIC SYMPOSIA AND AMASSED OVER

43
MILLION VIDEO VIEWS

Public Symposia

CARTA organizes free public symposia that address aspects of human origins and uniqueness. These symposia feature presentations by researchers, eminent in their respective fields, specifically directed towards researchers in other fields and an educated lay audience, while highlighting clear and simple messages. Audience participation, both in person and online, is encouraged through a live question and answer session at the end of each event. Public symposia are held three times during the academic year, either in-person with livestream or entirely virtual. In-person events are held at the Salk Institute for Biological Studies in La Jolla, California. Audiences generally range from 500-700 participants and include UC San Diego and Salk Institute faculty, postdoctoral scholars, graduate and undergraduate students from multiple disciplines, UC San Diego alumni and emeriti faculty, and interested members of the public. All CARTA symposia are recorded by UCSD-TV for broadcast across the UCTV channel and archived on the CARTA, UCSD-TV, iTunes, and YouTube websites.

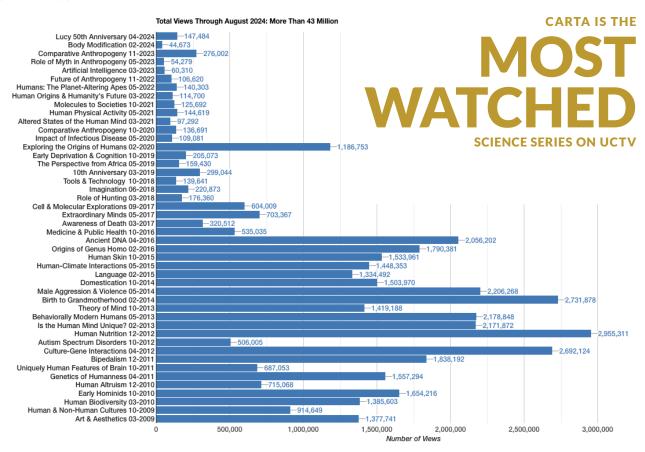


42 Million Views of CARTA's symposia videos!



Total Online Viewership 2009 to 2024

All CARTA symposia are video recorded by UCSD-TV, broadcast on the UCTV channel, and then archived on various websites (CARTA, UCSD-TV, iTunes, YouTube). By August 2024, the total number of views of CARTA videos and audio podcasts topped 43 million.



Livestream Viewership

CARTA began livestreaming its symposia in 2012. The map below shows the location of ~10k live stream viewers from 84 countries and regions between October 2012 and August 2024.



Symposium Sponsorships

CARTA symposia have benefited from numerous funding and partnerships with interested individuals, foundations, and institutions.

INDIVIDUAL SPONSORS

Feroza Ardeshir & Suresh Subramani

John S. Armstrong III

Rita L.* & Richard C. Atkinson

Ingrid M. Benirschke-Perkins '79 & Gordon C. Perkins '82

Kenneth Brown

David E. Buccigrossi '79, MD '84 & Debra Buccigrossi '83

Benjamin N. Cipollini PhD '14

Carolyn P. Farris

David A. Fitz & Mary J. Fitz

Kathlyn L. Furr

Cheryl A. & Kenney Griffiths

Elizabeth C. Lancaster & Eli Shefter

Robert C. Mashman

Annette C. Merle-Smith*

Sue R. Rosner

Oliver A. Ryder PhD '75

Lawrence J. Schneiderman

Robert Stavros

* Deceased

FOUNDATIONS and INSTITUTES



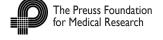




FRONTIERS GROUP

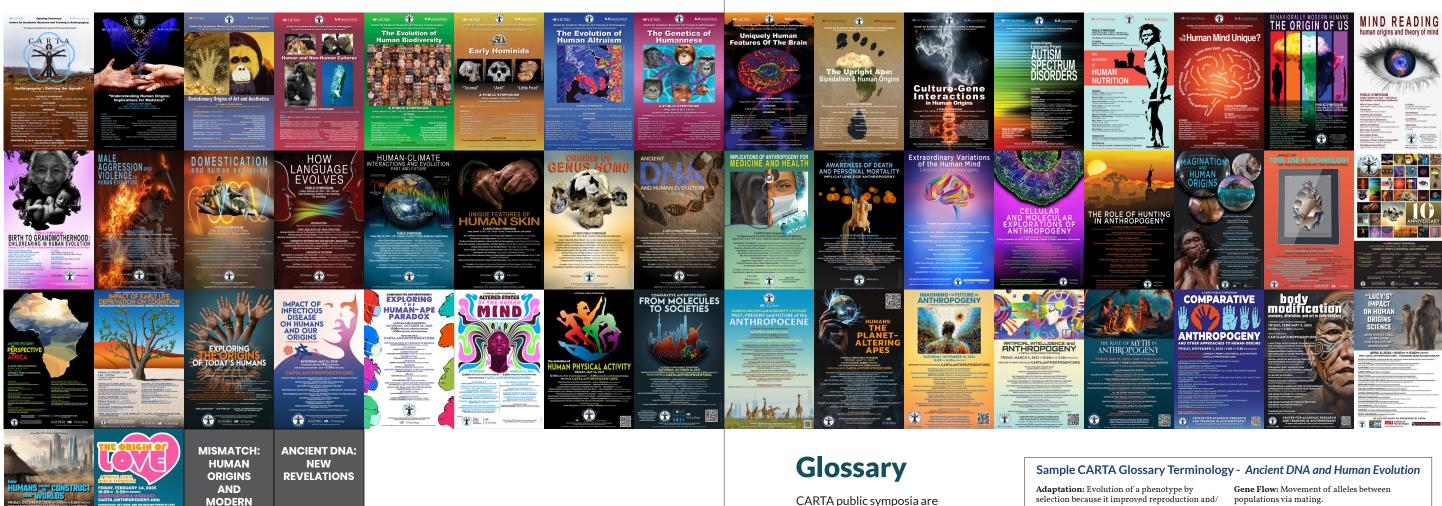






Posters

Each CARTA symposium features a bespoke poster and accompanying graphics designed and produced in-house. The final designs result from key concepts derived by CARTA staff and through discussion with symposium co-chairs and speakers.



2025 Symposia

For 2025, CARTA's symposium lineup includes three exciting topics. The Origin of Love (February 2025) will explore the biosocial evolution of prosocial and affiliative emotion in humans. Mismatch: Human Origins and Modern Disease (May 2025) will address the incompatibility of our rapidly changing modern world with our evolution as a tropical primate. Finally, Ancient DNA: New Revelations (October 2025) will provide an ten-year update to our original Ancient DNA symposium (April 2016).

DISEASE

POSTER COMING SOON POSTER COMING SOON

CARTA public symposia are interdisciplinary, and terminology may have different meanings across disciplines or may be unfamiliar. It is CARTA's goal to educate and stimulate the minds of academics, graduate and undergraduate students, and the general public.

To ensure that CARTA symposia are mutually intelligible for all, we produce and provide a glossary of terms for each event. Additionally, these glossary terms are compiled on the CARTA website as a peer-reviewed and searchable resource consisting of over 930 terms relevant to human origins.

selection because it improved reproduction and/ or survival.

Allele: Alternative DNA sequence at the same locus (location on the chromosome).

Allele Frequency: The proportion of all alleles within a population that are a particular type.

Coalescence: Time since common ancestor.

Coalescent Theory: Models evolution backward in time to infer historical population size, mutation rate, allele age, and allele frequency change by selection and drift.

Demography: Study of population size over

Divergence: Change in genetic content or phenotype between isolated populations or

Effective Population Size (Ne): The size of an idealized population (random mating, no selection, mutation or migration) with the same rate of genetic drift as the study population.

Genetic Drift: Change in allele frequencies, including fixation and loss, by chance.

populations via mating

Homology: Similarity in DNA or phenotype because of shared evolutionary history from a

Homoplasy: Similarity in DNA sequence or phenotype that has evolved independently. **Hybridization:** Breeding among recognized

Phylogeny: Historical relationships of species

Polymorphism: The "many forms," or genetic variants, of a single gene that exist and are maintained in a population at a frequency of 1%

Population: A defined group of similar individuals among whom interbreeding occurs.

Selection: Allele frequency change over time caused by the different replication rate of specific

Species: A population whose individuals can mate with one another to produce viable and fertile offspring. (debated definition)



CARTA Members

A core component of CARTA is its membership, which consists of worldwide experts in a variety of academic and research fields who share a common interest in explaining the origins of humans. To date, there are over 400 active members from 152 disciplines and subdisciplines across 22 countries.

Members are invited by CARTA leadership based on their engagement in active research related to any aspect of human origins. CARTA symposia are the major pipeline for new members as most invited speakers for CARTA symposia are also invited to join CARTA's membership.

Members have access to all recorded discussion sessions from past symposia that follow each public event. Members are encouraged to network and explore new collaborations.

CARTA relies on its members for the proposal and organization of future symposia. The internal and external advisors are also drawn from the membership.

Scan the QR code to view the full list of CARTA members.



Local Member List

UC San Diego

- Michael Arbib (Psychology)
- Dhananjay Bambah-Mukku (Psychology)
- Patricia Churchland# [Emerita] (Philosophy)
- Thomas Csordas (Anthropology)
- James Fowler (Political Science)
- Keolu Fox (Anthropology)
- Jonathan Friedman [Emeritus] (Anthropology)
- Ralph Greenspan (Neurobiology)
- Christine Harris (Psychology)
- Robert Kluender (Linguistics)
- David Holway (Biological Sciences, Ecology, Behavior & Evolution
- Donald MacLeod (Psychology)
- Maria Carolina Marchetto# (Anthropology)
- Therese Markow [Emerita] (Biological Sciences, Cell & Developmental Biology
- Rachel Mayberry (Linguistics)
- James Moore [Emeritus] (Anthropology)
- Elizabeth Newsome (Visual Arts)
- Amy Non (Anthropology)
- Rafael Nunez (Cognitive Science)
- Carol Padden (Communication)
- David Perlmutter [Emeritus] (Linguistics)
- Tage Rai (Rady School of Management)
- V.S. Ramachandran [Emeritus] (Psychology)
- Ramesh Rao (Electrical and Computer Engineering; Qualcomm Institute)
- Diane Rogers-Ramachandran (Psychology)
- Federico Rossano (Cognitive Science)
- Oliver Ryder (San Diego Wildlife Alliance; Biological Sciences-Ecology, Behavior & Evolution)
- Adena Schachner (Psychology)
- Margaret Schoeninger [Emerita] (Anthropology)
- Katerina Semendeferi (Anthropology)
- Nicholas Spitzer [Emeritus] (Biological Sciences-Neurobiology)
- Joan Stiles [Emerita] (Cognitive Science)
- Shirley Strum [Emerita] (Anthropology)
- Caren Walker (Psychology)
- Christopher Wills [Emeritus] (Biological Sciences-Ecology, Behavior & Evolution)

Scripps Institution of Oceanography

- Jeff Severinghaus (Geosciences Research Division)
- Charles Kennel [Emeritus] (Atmospheric Sciences)
- Veerabhadran Ramanathan (Climate, Atmospheric Science, and Physical Oceanography)

La Jolla Institute for Immunology

 Sujan Shresta (Center for Infectious Disease & Vaccine Research)

UC San Diego - Health Sciences

- Andrew Baird (Surgery)
- Michael Baker (Medicine)
- Ellen Breen (Medicine)
- Eric Courchesne (Neurosciences)
- Pascal Gagneux* (Pathology; Anthropology)
- Richard Gallo (Dermatology)
- Patricia Judd [Emerita] (Psychiatry)
- Rob Knight* (Pediatrics; Computer Science & Engineering)
- Amanda Lewis (Obstetrics, Gynecology, & Reproductive Sciences)
- Alysson Muotri (Pediatrics; Cellular & Molecular Medicine)
- Caroline Nievergelt (Psychiatry)
- Victor Nizet (Pediatrics)
- Jerry Olefsky (Medicine)
- Barbara Parry (Psychiatry)
- Karen Pierce (Neurosciences)
- Manuela Raffatellu (Pediatrics)
- Robert (Chip) Schooley (Medicine-Infectious Disease)
- Jonathan Sebat (Psychiatry)
- Tatum Simonson (Medicine)
- Larry Squire [Emeritus] (Psychiatry)
- Palmer Taylor (Skaggs School of Pharmacy & Pharmaceutical Sciences)
- Ajit Varki# (Medicine; Cellular & Molecular Medicine)
- Nissi Varki (Pathology)
- John West (Physiology)
- Elizabeth Winzeler (Pediatrics)
- Nigel Woolf [Emeritus] (Surgery)

Salk Institute for Biological Studies

- Fred Gage[^] (Laboratory of Genetics)
- Anthony Hunter[^] (Molecular & Cell Biology)
- Gerald Joyce[^] (Salk President; Chemical Biology & Proteomics
- Susan Kaech^ (Immunobiology & Microbial Pathogenesis)
- John Reynolds[^] (Systems Neurobiology)
- Terry Sejnowski[^] (Computational Neurobiology)
- Paula Tallal [Adjunct Professor]

The Scripps Research Institute

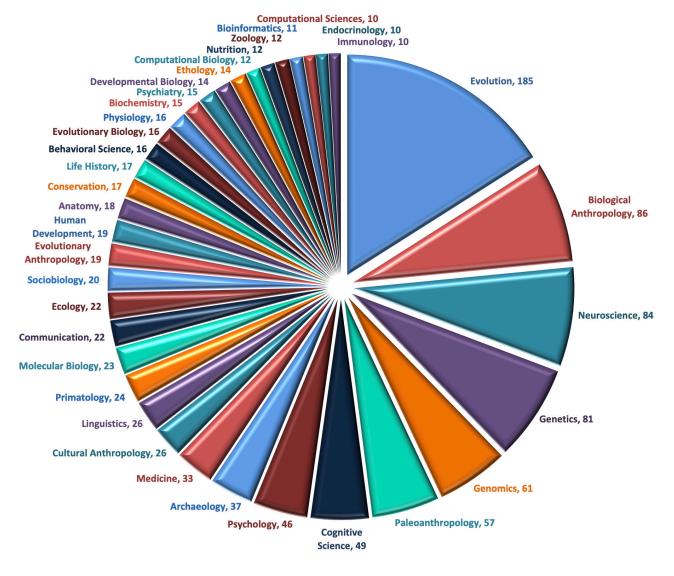
• Floyd Bloom [Emeritus] (Neuropharmacology)

LEGEND

- * Joint appointments in UC San Diego and UC San Diego Health Sciences
- # Salk Institute Adjunct Appointment
- ^ UC San Diego Adjunct Appointment

Member Expertise (148 Areas)

The graph below illustrates the top 36 areas of expertise shared by 10 or more CARTA members. Members may be included in more than one area.



Scan the QR code to view the full list of areas of CARTA member expertise.



Scales of Investigation

CARTA member expertise is vital to anthropogeny as exploring human origins requires investigations at many different spatial and temporal scales. These range from molecules to models, culture to climate, synapses to societies, and fossils to field primatology.

Molecules to Models Opening of State of Control of Con

Culture to Climate

Synapses to Societies

Fossils to Field Primatology



Member Locations

CARTA members live in 23 countries across the globe.



Selected Member Comments

"I don't know of anywhere else that provides such a stimulating multidisciplinary approach to the evolution and adaptation of the human species."

Leslie Aiello,
Anthropologist, University College London



"CARTA allowed me at a relatively early stage in my career to present my ideas surrounding the evolution of early Homo and to make connections across and outside my subdisciplinary area."

Susan Antón, Anthropologist, New York University



"CARTA provides the opportunity for young and experienced researchers to understand the interplay between human origins and our evolutionary trajectories."

Yonas Beyene Gebremichael, Archeologist, French Research Center for Ethiopian Studies, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia



"I've been enjoying the bold and crossdisciplinary nature of CARTA since well before becoming a member, thanks to the available materials online. I have used some of those materials in my own teaching."

Damián Blasi, Linguistics Cultural Evolution, Harvard University



"Whenever it is necessary for my research and my teaching, I find in CARTA the latest research data in human paleontology. I am fortunate to find quality scientific articles on the CARTA site."

Abdoulaye Camara, Archeologist, Anta Diop University, Senegal



"I found the integration of students with a diversity of research interests was conducive to developing new directions".

Michael Chazan, Archeologist, University of Toronto



"CARTA thus is both humbling and utterly exhilarating – I rarely miss a meeting and value the meetings as well as the podcasts to follow."

Patricia Churchland, Philosopher, UC San Diego



"CARTA has been invaluable in impacting my research career.
Particularly as a junior scholar, the networking opportunities afforded to me through my association with CARTA are unparalleled."

Alyssa Crittenden, Nutritional Anthropologist, University of Nevada Las Vegas



"CARTA has a very wide reach and serves as an excellent science education venue for students and the public writ large. The speakers are also carefully chosen experts with deep knowledge on the subject matter and well versed in presenting general public talks."

Yohannes Haile-Selassie, Paleoanthropologist, Arizona State University



"I have witnessed the development of this unique endeavor of CARTA. CARTA has a multidisciplinary nature that attracts people to discuss the origins of human nature, cognition, and behavior."

Tetsuro Matsuzawa,Primatologist, California Institute of Technology



"CARTA is a fundamental resource in the field of Anthropogeny (and indeed beyond that field). Not only does it provide valuable, state-of-the-art information, which would already be great, but it also constitutes an exciting forum of debate in which novel ideas and perspectives are being constantly born. If CARTA did not exist already, someone should have to invent it."

Arcadi Navarro,
Evolutionary Genomics Pompeu Fabra University Spain



"It has fueled my thinking on evolutionary questions and brought me into contact with ideas and researchers that have influenced my thinking and writing about the evolution of human musicality. I am especially appreciative of the way CARTA archives the videos of its meetings and makes the public-facing talks freely available online. These are an invaluable resource for research and teaching."

Aniruddh Patel,
Music Cognition, Tufts University



"I am continuously surprised by the things I learn through CARTA – things that I cannot believe I did not know previously."

Daniel Povinelli,Anthropologist, University of Louisiana at Lafayette



"There's nothing like CARTA – certainly, there is no other professional meeting that has such a sharp focus on what it is that makes humans human."

Todd Preuss,
Anthropologist/Neuroscientist, Emory University



"CARTA symposia have been among the most intellectually stimulating conferences in my career. I also make extensive use of the recorded CARTA lectures in the classroom."

James Rilling,
Anthropologist, Emory University



"The exchange of information that occurs through presentations and conversations at CARTA events provides inspiration for new research directions and direct connections for collaborations."

Tatum Simonson, Geneticist, UC San Diego



"CARTA creates value through networking and public outreach, bringing together world leaders in anthropogeny."

Stephen Stearns,
Evolutionary Biologist, Yale University



"Providing perspectives of uniquely human traits; Opportunity to examine cross-species commonalities; Broadening perspectives on cultural diversity that has driven human evolution."

Faraneh Vargha-Khadem, Cognitive Neuroscientist, University College London



"I appreciate the symposia, both the public element and the 'closed door' portions during which scholars can interact."

Carol Ward,
Anatomical Anthropologist, University of Missouri



"What has been of greatest value to my work from these symposia is to be able to place research topics in the broader perspective of human phylogeny, ontogeny and both universality of certain behaviors as well as the wide range of cultural expressions."

Polly Wiessner, Anthropologist, Arizona State University & University of Utah



"CARTA is a venue that truly values and promotes interdisciplinary work. I've not seen a format like the CARTA symposia anywhere else, with such high-impact speakers. Thank you!"

Eva Wittenberg, Linguist, Central European University, Vienna



Scan the QR code to view the full list of CARTA member comments.





Member Collaborations

The following transdisciplinary collaborations resulted from member interactions facilitated by CARTA symposia, and it illustrates the breadth of topics and disciplines involved in human origins explorations.

Alyssa Crittenden & Peter Ungar

Topic: Hadza dentition and oral health.

- Crittenden, A., et al. (2017). The Hadza foragers of Tanzania. PloS one, 12(3), e0172197.
- Ungar, P. S., et al. (2019). Dental microwear of living Hadza foragers. *American Journal of Physical Anthropology*, 169(2), 356-367.

Aniruddh Patel & Alyssa Crittenden

Topic: Music of the Hadza people of Tanzania.

• This collaboration amongst a member of the Hadza community, an ethnomusicologist, and a composer is the first scholarly study of the music of the Hadza people. Significantly, this project also serves to archive the music of the community for future generations of Hadza people.

Arcadi Navarro, Evan Eichler, Philipp Khaitovich, William Hopkins, Kenneth Kidd, Joshua Akey, Katherine Pollard, Todd Preuss, Carlos Bustamante, & Chet Sherwood

Topic: Genome evolution.

 Gao H, et al. (2023). The landscape of tolerated genetic variation in humans and primates. Science, 380(6648).

Barry Bogin, Sarah Hrdy, & Sue Carter

Topic: The physiology of "love" (The biocultural importance of secure social relationships with other people).

Berhane Asfaw & Lyn Wadley

Topic: Early hominids from South Africa, Chad, Ethiopia and other countries.

Co-chaired CARTA symposium, Anthropogeny: The Perspective from Africa (May 2019).

Chris Stringer, Juan Luis Arsuaga, Katerina Harvati, John Hawks, & Jean-Jacques Hublin.

Topic: Comparing the Boxgrove and Atapuerca (Sima de los Huesos) human fossils.

Lockey, AL, et al. (2022). Comparing the Boxgrove and Atapuerca (Sima de los Huesos) human fossils: Do
they represent distinct paleodemes? *Journal of Human Evolution*, 172(103253).

Chris Stringer, Michel Brunet, Katerina Harvati, John Hawkes, & Jean-Jaques Hublin

Topic: Frontal sinuses and human evolution.

• Balzeau, A., et al. (2022). Frontal Sinuses and Human Evolution. Sci Adv., 8(42).

Ellen Breen & Ajit Varki:

Topic: Human-like Cmah inactivation in mice increases running endurance.

• Okerblom, J., et al. (2018). Human-like Cmah inactivation in mice increases running endurance and decreases muscle fatigability: implications for human evolution. *Proc Biol Sci*, 285(1886), 20181656.

Ellen Breen & Pascal Gagneux

Topic: Micro level oxygen transport mechanisms in elite diving mammals: Capillary RBC to myofiber.

Funding recommendation: National Science Foundation, Integrative Research in Biology (IntBIO).

Eva Wittenberg, Erich Jarvis, & Terrence Sejnowski

Topic: Language evolution.

• Submitted a joint Simons Foundation grant application.

Fred Gage & Ajit Varki

Topic: Role of glycobiology in neuronal development and evolution.

Fred Gage & Carol Marchetto

Topic: Studies on the cell and molecular mechanism of neuronal neoteny.

Fred Gage & Pascal Gagneux

Topic: Extracellular matrix and Alzheimer's Disease.

James O'Connell, Kristen Hawkes, & Nicholas Blurton-Jones

Topic: Male foraging effort in human evolution.

- O'Connell JF, K Hawkes, NG Blurton Jones (2024). Hadza men's follows, 1985-86: Data and implications for ideas about ancestral male foraging effort in human evolution. *PaleoAnthropology*, 2024:1: 112-138.
- O'Connell JF, Hawkes K, Blurton Jones NG (2024). Targeting the Hunting Hypothesis: Review of Evidence from the Hadza. In review.

James Sikela & several CARTA investigators

Topic: Genetic and genomic features unique to the human lineage.

• O'Bleness, M., et al. (2012). Evolution of genetic and genomic features unique to the human lineage. *Nat Rev Genet*. 13(12), 853-66.

Jean-Pierre Changeux & Jean-Jacques Hublin

Topic: The neurogenetics of recent stages of hominization in the past 100,000 years.

• Hublin, J.-J., & Changeux, J.-P. (2022). Paleoanthropology of cognition: an overview on Hominins brain evolution. *Comptes Rendus Biologies*, 345(2):57-75.

John Vincent Moran, Carol Marchetto, Alysson Muotri, & Fred Gage:

Topic: Line 1 retrotransposition in the nervous system.

• Coufal, N.G., et al. (2011). Ataxia telangiectasia mutated (ATM) modulates long interspersed element-1 (L1) retrotransposition in human neural stem cells. *PNAS*, 108(51):20382-20387.

MEMBERS

Jon Kaas, Todd Preuss, James Rilling, Bernard Wood, Pasko Rakic, Barry Bogin, Michael Arbib, & John Allman

Topic: The evolution of nervous systems.

- Kaas, J.H., et al. (2007). Evolution of Nervous Systems: A Comprehensive Reference, First Edition, Four Volume Set.
 Netherlands: Elsevier.
- Kaas, J.H., et al. (2016). Evolution of Nervous Systems: A Comprehensive Reference, Second Edition, Four Volume Set. Netherlands: Elsevier.

Joseph Hacia & Oliver Ryder

Topic: Induced pluripotent stem cells.

 Ramaswamy, K., et al. (2015). Derivation of induced pluripotent stem cells from orangutan skin fibroblasts. BMC Res Notes, 8(1).

Joshua Akey, Ajit Varki, & Pascal Gagneux

Topic: Analysis of patterns of human genetic variation in Siglec genes.

 Saha, S., et al. (2022). Evolution of Human-Specific Alleles Protecting Cognitive Function of Grandmothers. Mol Biol Evol, 39(8).

Joshua Akey & Tony Capra

Topic: Testing hypotheses about the phenotypic consequences of DNA sequences inherited from Neanderthal ancestors.

• Simonti, C.N., et al. (2016). The phenotypic legacy of admixture between modern humans and Neandertals. *Science*, 351(6274):737-41.

Katerina Harvati & Chris Stringer

Topic: Apidima Cave fossils.

 Harvati, K., et al. (2019). Apidima Cave fossils provide earliest evidence of Homo sapiens in Eurasia. Nature, 571(7766), 500-504.

Martin Rees & Charlie Kennel

Topic: Climate change.

Nigel Woolf & Pascal Gagneux

Topic: Cave navigation.

• Experimental design of a new CARTA-inspired study of cave navigation and exploration by early hominids.

Patricia S. Churchland & Frans De Waal

Topic: Evolution of morality.

• de Waal, F., Churchland, P.S., Pievani, T., & Parmigiani, S. (Eds). (2014). Evolved Morality: The biology and philosophy of human conscience. In Evolved Morality: The biology and philosophy of human conscience. BRILL.

Patricia S. Churchland & Terrence J. Sejnowski

Topic: Machine learning and A.I.

- Muller, L., Churchland, P. S., Sejnowski, T. J. Transformers and cortical waves: encoders for pulling in context across time. *Trends in Neurosciences*, 46, 788-802 (2024).
- Co-chaired the CARTA symposium, Artificial Intelligence and Anthropogeny (March 2023).

Rafael Nuñez & Federico d'Errico

Topic: Development of human cognitive tools for counting

Evolution of cognitive tools for quantification. (2024). CORDIS | European Commission. https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/951388

Rafael Nuñez & Pascal Gagneux

Topic: Biological enculturation.

• Co-taught undergraduate seminars on "Biological Enculturation" at UC San Diego.

Ruslan Medzhitov & Stephen Stearns

Topic: Evolutionary medicine.

Stearns, S.C., & Medzhitov, R. (2015). Evolutionary Medicine. Sunderland: Sinauer Associates, Inc. Wieland

Sarah A Tishkoff & Chris Stringer

Topic: Human origins in Southern African palaeo-wetlands.

• Schlebusch, C.M., et al. (2021). Human origins in Southern African palaeo-wetlands? Strong claims from weak evidence. *Journal of Archaeological Science*, 130(105374).

Susan Anton & Leslie Aiello

Topic: Human Biology and the Origin of Homo.

Anton, S.C., Potts, R., & Aiello, L.C. (2014). Evolution of early *Homo*: An integrated biological perspective.
 Science, 345(6192).

Timothy Tangherlini & Erich Jarvis

Topic: The neurogenic basis of vocal learning.

Exchange of trainees and grant proposals.

Todd Preuss, James Rilling, & William Hopkins

Topic: MRI studies of primate brains.

• Use of comparative MRI studies of humans, chimpanzees, and macaque monkeys to identify human specializations of cortical network organization.

Wieland Huttner & Svante Pääbo

Topic: Cortical development in humans and Neanderthals.

- Pinson, A., et al. (2022). Human TKTL1 implies greater neurogenesis in frontal neocortex of modern humans than Neanderthals. *Science*, 377.6611:eabl6422.
- Mora-Bermúdez, F., et al. (2022). Longer metaphase and fewer chromosome segregation errors in modern human than Neanderthal brain development. *Science Advances*, 8.30:eabn7702.
- Xing, L., Gkini, V., Nieminen, A. I., Zhou, H.-C., Aquilino, M., Naumann, R., Reppe, K., Tanaka, K., Carmeliet, P., Heikinheimo, O., Pääbo, S., Huttner, W. B., & Namba, T. (2024). Functional synergy of a human-specific and an ape-specific metabolic regulator in human neocortex development. *Nature Communications*, 15(1), 1–13.

Tatum Simonson & Keolu Fox

Topic: Human high-altitude adaptation.

• Hall J.E., et al. (2020). Seq-ing Higher Ground: Functional Investigation of Adaptive Variation Associated With High-Altitude Adaptation. *Front Genet*, 11:471.

Tetsuro Matsuzawa & Dora Biro

Topic: Field experiment of stone tool use by Bossou chimpanzees in Guinea.

Koops, K., et al. (2023). Appropriate knowledge of wild chimpanzee behavior ('know-what') and field
experimental protocols ('know-how') are essential prerequisites for testing the origins and spread of
technological behavior. Animal Behavior and Cognition, 10(2):163-168.

Tim Weaver & Brenna Henn

Topic: Human origins in Africa.

• Ragsdale, A.P., et al. (2023). A weakly structured stem for human origins in Africa. Nature, 617(7962), 755-763.

"CARTA's interdisciplinary interactions have also inspired many other collaborative research projects and publications that illustrate human uniqueness. Examples include studies of Hadza microbiomes and dental health; explorations of when humans started standing upright and started running (long-distance running being another thing that humans do that chimpanzees don't); how random genomic duplications might lead to evolutionary advantages; and how humans might have "self-domesticated" by collectively selecting against certain types of aggression."

- Heather Buschman, This Week at UC San Diego, February 2022

CARTA-Inspired Publications

CARTA encourages transdisciplinary research to advance our understanding of human origins through its symposium series and resulting interactions. CARTA symposia provide a forum for researchers in varied fields to come together "to explore and explain the human phenomenon." Member interactions continue after symposia and via the CARTA website. Below is a sample of selected 2024 publications inspired by such interactions. Since CARTA's inception, there have been over 1,000 CARTA-inspired publications, with more than 100 reported in the last three years.



Baker, J., Rigaud, S., Pereira, D., Courtenay, L. A., & d'Errico, F. (2024). Evidence from personal ornaments suggest nine distinct cultural groups between 34,000 and 24,000 years ago in Europe. *Nature Human Behaviour*, 8(3), 431–444.



d'Errico, F. (2024). Foreword. In Gontier N., Lock, A., Chris Sinha, Ch. (Eds). *Oxford Handbook of Human Symbolic Evolution*. Oxford: OUP.



Chen, Y., Zhang, H., Cameron, M., Sejnowski, T. J. Predictive Sequence Learning in the Hippocampal Formation. *Neuron*, 112, 1-14 (2024).



Dewari, A., Bogin, B., Chandel, S. (2024). Soulful rhythm, dancing bodies – A review on spirituality, pain tolerance, and the risk of lower extremity musculoskeletal and back injuries among classical Kathak dancers of India. *Human Biology and Public Health*, 1: 1-29.



Colagè, I., Oliva, S., d'Errico, F. (2024). Rewriting the environment, remaking humanity: niche construction, creativity, and cultural evolution. *Versus*, 53(1): 25-38.



Gilligan, I., d'Errico, F., Doyon, L., Wang, W., & Kuzmin, Y. V. (2024). Paleolithic eyed needles and the evolution of dress. *Science Advances*, 10(26).



Davidson, I. (2024). Arte Paleolítico en la Península Ibérica y más allá. Art and communication in Iberia and beyond. In: Marín-Arroyo, A.B., Moro-Abadía, O., Diez-Castillo, A., eds. Arte, pensamiento simbólico, modos de vida en la Prehistoria. Editorial Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, pp 173-188



Goltermann, O., Alagöz, G., Molz, B., Fisher, S.E. (2024). Neuroimaging genomics as a window into the evolution of human sulcal organization. *Cereb Cortex*, Mar 1;34(3):bhae078.



Dehay, C., & Huttner, W. B. (2024). Development and evolution of the primate neocortex from a progenitor cell perspective. *Development* (Cambridge, England), 151(4).



Hrdy, S. B. (2024). *Father time: A natural history of men and babies*. Princeton University Press.



d'Errico, F. (2024). An integrated evolutionary scenario for the culturalisation of the human body. In Manni, F., d'Errico, F., eds. The Oxford Handbook of the Archaeology and Anthropology of body modification.

Oxford: OUP.



Huttner, W. B., Heide, M., Mora-Bermúdez, F., & Namba, T. (2024). Neocortical neurogenesis in development and evolution—Human specific features. *The Journal of Comparative Neurology*, 532(2).



Katsu, Y., Zhang, J., & Baker, M. E. (2024). Lysine-Cysteine-Serine-Tryptophan inserted into the DNA-binding domain of human mineralocorticoid receptor increases transcriptional activation by aldosterone. The Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 243(106548), 106548.



Katsu, Y., Zhang, J., & Baker, M. E. (2024b). Novel evolution of mineralocorticoid receptor in humans compared to chimpanzees, gorillas, and orangutans. *Genes*, 15(6), 767.



Manni, F., & d'Errico, F., eds. (2023). The oxford handbook of the archaeology and anthropology of body modification. Oxford University Press.



Muller, L., Churchland, P. S., Sejnowski, T. J. Transformers and cortical waves: encoders for pulling in context across time. *Trends in Neurosciences*, 46, 788-802 (2024).



Namba, T., & Huttner, W. B. (2024). What makes us human: Insights from the evolution and development of the human neocortex. Annual Review of Cell and Developmental Biology, 40(1), 427–452.



Novina N, Dorjee B, Hermanussen M, Scheffler C, Bogin B, et al. (2024). Maternal Education is a Major Factor in Growth Regulation in Twins and Singletons. *Journal of Comprehensive Pediatrics*, 15(2):e145017.



O'Connell JF, K Hawkes, NG Blurton Jones (2024). Hadza men's follows, 1985-86: Data and implications for ideas about ancestral male foraging effort in human evolution. *PaleoAnthropology*, 2024:1: 112-138.



O'Connell JF, Hawkes K, Blurton Jones NG (2024). Targeting the Hunting Hypothesis: Review of Evidence from the Hadza. In review.



Salagnon, M., d'Errico, F., Rigaud, S., & Mellet, E. (2024). Assigning a social status from face adornments: an fMRI study. *Brain Structure* & *Function*, 229(5), 1103–1120.



Smith, M. E. (2024). How Do Archaeologists Study Early Urban Life? Institutions, Generative Processes, and Urban Order. *Discover Cities*, (in press).



Xing, L., Gkini, V., Nieminen, A. I., Zhou, H.-C., Aquilino, M., Naumann, R., Reppe, K., Tanaka, K., Carmeliet, P., Heikinheimo, O., Pääbo, S., Huttner, W. B., & Namba, T. (2024). Functional synergy of a human-specific and an ape-specific metabolic regulator in human neocortex development. *Nature Communications*, 15(1), 1–13.



Xing, L., Huttner, W. B., & Namba, T. (2024). Role of cell metabolism in the pathophysiology of brain size-associated neurodevelopmental disorders. *Neurobiology of Disease*, 199, 106607.



Yang, S.X., Zhang, J.F., Yue, J.P., Huan, F.X., Ollé, A., d'Errico, F., & Petraglia, M. (2024). Reply to: An Initial Upper Palaeolithic attribution is not empirically supported at Shiyu, northern China. *Nature Ecology & Evolution*, 1–4.



Yang, S.X., Zhang, J.F., Yue, J.P., Wood, R., Guo, Y.J., Wang, H., Luo, W.-G., Zhang, Y., Raguin, E., Zhao, K.L., Zhang, Y.X., Huan, F.X., Hou, Y.M., Huang, W.W., Wang, Y.-R., Shi, J.M., Yuan, B.Y., Ollé, A., Queffelec, A., ... Petraglia, M. (2024). Initial Upper Palaeolithic material culture by 45,000 years ago at Shiyu in northern China. *Nature Ecology & Evolution*, 8(3), 552–563.



Zilhão, J., d'Errico, F., Banks, W. E., & Teyssandier, N. (2024). A data-driven paradigm shift for the middle-to-upper Palaeolithic transition and the Neandertal debate. *Quaternary Environments and Humans*. 100037. 100037.



The Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny

In 2009, the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny was established for UC San Diego doctoral students with interest in human origins. The specialization provides students from eight participating PhD programs the opportunity to obtain a parenthetical degree in research and education on explaining the human phenomenon. Students gain valuable training in transdisciplinary research spanning the social and natural sciences. Participating students complete a curriculum of courses on human origins, participate in scientific symposia and ensuing discussions, network with researchers from around the world, and "cross-train" with peers from a variety of disciplines. A few of these courses are also open to graduate students from any discipline at UC San Diego.

Demand: Scientific disciplines continue to expand their respective bodies of knowledge and the capacity to understand and integrate scientific findings from widely differing fields of research is an increasingly important skill. The study of human origins is a key example of a research endeavor that critically relies on such integration skills. The Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny aims to equip future scientists, researchers, and scholars with the necessary interdisciplinary skills and panoramic perspective needed for advancing our understanding of human origins.

Market Needs: Areas as disparate as medicine, public health, environmental policy, and marketing have come to increasingly rely on evolutionary approaches to observe human phenomena. Public and private sectors alike have an increasing need for individuals with scientific training accompanied by an understanding of natural and social sciences, as well as arts and humanities, and the capacity to translate findings from these different areas for specialists and the public at large.

Placement Opportunities: Transdisciplinary training greatly benefits students as they embark on future careers in public or private sectors where the capacity to mediate between different types of knowledge bases is increasingly important. Whether their future careers are in teaching, basic research, industry, public service, or private enterprise, the capacity to work with findings from a variety of disciplines will make alumni of the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny valuable assets for employers (see "Where are they now," page 36).





Program Requirements

Students participating in the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny are required to take the following courses:

Introduction to Anthropogeny ANTH 203 (4 credits): Lecture; graduate elective course open to all graduate students at UC San Diego; serves as the core course for the biological anthropology program.

Advanced Anthropogeny BIOM 229 (2 credits): Seminar; only for Specialization students.

Current Topics in Anthropogeny (BIOM218):

Lecture; conjoined with CARTA symposia; Specialization students are required to participate in at least six CARTA symposia.

Specialization students are encouraged to participate in the following optional meeting and elective course:

Anthropogeny Research Rounds (monthly):

Journal discussion meeting; highlights relevant human origins research.

Anthropogeny Field Course in Tanzania (ANTH289S):

A three-week Summer Session course in Tanzania. Students experience field research, the ecological context of human adaptation, and the four major approaches to studying the origins of our species (fossil evidence, archeology, comparative biology, and ethnography of human foragers).

GOAL OF THE SPECIALIZATION

To provide a broad and explicitly transdisciplinary approach spanning the social and natural sciences by focusing on one of the oldest questions of humankind: the origins of humans and humanity.

THE BROAD TOPIC AREAS

Human and Primate Genetics and Evolution

Paleoanthropology and Hominid Origins

Mammalian and Primate Neurosciences

Primate Biology and Medicine

Language and Cognition

Nature-Nurture Interactions in Explaining
Language and Cognition

Human and Primate Society and Culture

Comparative Developmental Biology of Primates

General Theories for Explaining Humans

Program Statistics

PARTICIPATING PhD PROGRAMS	66 STUDENTS
ANTHROPOLOGY	10
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	1
BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES	11
COGNITIVE SCIENCES	9
LINGUISTICS	4
NEUROSCIENCES	17
PSYCHOLOGY	9
RADY SCHOOL	1
VISUAL ARTS	5

\$2.4M
IN FELLOWSHIPS
AWARDED TO

52
students

Fellowships

CARTA offers the **Anthropogeny Graduate Fellowship Program**. This competitive fellowship program is open to actively participating students. This donor-funded program is currently in its 15th year.

- 5-6 individual fellowships awarded each year
- \$20,000/each, a maximum of three years of support per student, for stipend and/or tuition and fees
- Students can devote more time to completing the three-year specialization program and their own PhD program's requirements, and less time on seeking other funding sources.

CARTA offers two fellowship opportunities.

- 1) The Annette C. Merle-Smith Fellowship honors the late Annette C. Merle-Smith, who was a supporter of CARTA from the beginning. This fellowship was established to support the participation of those students who demonstrate the most involvement in, and commitment to, the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny.
- 2) **CARTA Fellowships**, supported by an Anonymous donor, are awarded to other high-performing and deserving Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students.

CARTA ANTHROPOGENY FELLOWSHIPS AWARDED 2010-2025							
				FUNDING AWARDED			
GRADUATE PROGRAM	SCHOOL	# AWARDS	# STUDENTS	BY PROGRAM	BY SCHOOL	% OF TOTAL	
Visual Arts	Arts & Humanities	12	6	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	10.0%	
Biological Sciences	Biological Sciences	2	1	\$ 36,902	\$ 36,902	1.5%	
Anthropology	Social Sciences	17	7	\$ 469,979		67.5%	
Cognitive Science		24	9	\$ 571,468	\$ 1,627,570		
Linguistics		8	4	\$ 195,672			
Psychology		20	10	\$ 390,451			
Biomedical Sciences	Medicine	10	6	\$ 194,746	\$ 505,417	17 21.0%	
Neurosciences		14	9	\$ 310,671	\$ 505,417		
		107	52		\$ 2,409,889	100%	

Current Students



Raihan Alam: Morality as a catalyst for social change, the role of punishment in organized society, and different approaches to reducing violence.

Rady School of Management



Skylar Batty: Signaling mechanisms of a novel mechanosensitive protein complex involved in breast cancer cell invasion. Biomedical Sciences



Felix Binder: Cognitive tools of humans and artificial intelligences.
Cognitive Science



Patrick Bruck: Brain development from an evolutionary perspective.
Biomedical Sciences



Mika Caplan: Signaling pathways that regulate GPCR-mediated Hippo pathway activation in invasive breast cancer.

Biomedical Sciences



Liam Conaboy: Neuropsychopharmacology and the alterations to neurocircuitry due to psychostimulant and opioid addiction. Psychology



Carlos Escalante Vera: Computational principles that guide neuronal architecture.
Neurosciences



Julia Gorman: Visual cortex of primates, discerning differences between self-locomotion and object motion.

Neurosciences



Juston Jaco: Potential biomarkers of red meat consumption to establish dietary factors linked to the progression of chronic diseases. Biomedical Sciences



Kendall Kearns: Immune signatures of unconventional T cells across the spectrum of tuberculosis infection.

Biomedical Sciences



Lora Khatib: Computational modeling of microbial cells in the body and their influence on neurotransmitter regulation and neuroinflammation.

Biomedical Sciences



Reid Larsen: Distinct glycocalyx of the blood brain barrier.
Biomedical Sciences



Madeline Meade: Nonhuman primate cognition, sociality, Theory of Mind, and logical reasoning to understand human intelligence.

Cognitive Science



Coral Pereda: Relationships between brain imaging technologies, Al, and mythmaking through the lens of contemporary art.

Visual Arts



Chantal Rabay: Associations between maternal perceived stress, anxiety, and depression and microRNA (miRNA) expression in human breast milk.

Anthropology



Hande Sever: History of artistic practices in Turkey, focusing on a group of artists who established the movement known as Anatolian Humanism.

Visual Arts



Sheila Steiner: Changes in neuronal energy metabolism across primate evolution in development and aging. Neurosciences



Yaohan Wu: Zoonotic diseases in neolithic Northwest China. Anthropology



Anthropogeny Field Course

In 2011, CARTA developed a unique human origins Summer Session field course for UC San Diego students in the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny. This optional three-week course immerses students in field research, the ecological context of human adaptation, and the four major approaches to studying the origins of our species (fossil evidence, archeology, comparative biology, and ethnography of human foragers). To date, 46 students have participated. Primary study is held at locations throughout Tanzania but, depending on the year, there are additional sessions at the National Museum in Ethiopia or the Atapuerca cave system in Spain. The sessions in Ethiopia and Spain provide exposure to worldrenowned fossil hominins and mammalian remains that provide key ecological context for understanding hominin evolution. CARTA's partnership with the Greater Mahale Ecosystem Research and Conservation (GMERC) has also introduced graduate students to the reality of primatological field research firsthand. Participants have found the anthropogeny field course to be profoundly life-changing.



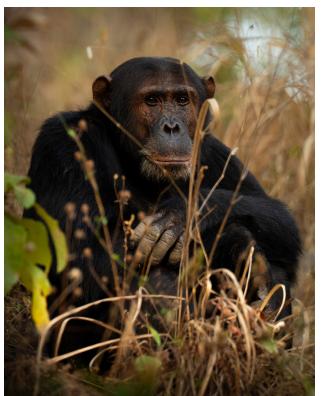
Partnership with GMERC

The Greater Mahale Ecosystem Research and Conservation (GMERC) Project is a Tanzania-based group that leads scientific investigation into primate behavior, ecology, and conservation. Although GMERC was incorporated in 2017, its efforts to better understand chimpanzees, baboons, and red-tail monkeys living in a savanna mosaic habitat date back to 2008 when long-term research was initiated in Issa Valley, Tanzania.

In 2011, the principal investigators of what is now GMERC, Dr. Fiona Stewart and Dr. Alex K. Piel PhD '14, proposed a partnership, whereby CARTA would provide annual overhead support in exchange for GMERC's organization, facilitation, and participation in the annual Anthropogeny Field Course. This partnership has provided Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students with diverse experiences in how human origins research is approached, from the study of analogous Plio-Pleistocene modern East African landscapes (Serengeti and Ngorongoro), to the behavioral ecology of contemporary hunter-gatherers (the Hadza) and humans' closest living relatives (wild chimpanzees). Not only does GMERC organize and facilitate these activities, but it also hosts the students at its field station in Issa Valley for primatological sessions.

With CARTA's support, GMERC has grown from two foreign researchers and three Tanzanian field assistants to a permanent, year-round research project with a team of fifteen researchers and assistants. GMERC leads investigation into primate behavioral ecology with troops of three habituated primate species. GMERC plays a key role in our broader understanding of human origins by way of studying animals that live in a similarly dry, mosaic habitat to that of key early hominins (e.g., Ardipithecus ramidus). Project data also provide important information regarding the evolution of bipedalism, cranio-anatomical biomechanics of primate feeding ecology, and habitat use.

In addition to hosting Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students and CARTA members, GMERC offers Tanzanian and international students, interns, researchers, and collaborators an opportunity to explore their own interests in human origins through the study of extant primates in the Rift Valley. The GMERC-CARTA partnership strengthens Tanzanian scientists' capacity for studying wild primates with the dual goal of informing human evolution and the conservation of these threatened species.







Selected Student Comments

Current Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students, along with those who have graduated, many of whom were CARTA Anthropogeny Graduate Fellowship recipients, were asked to provide feedback about the value of their affiliation with CARTA and how it has influenced their intellectual progress and research. These comments reflect the many ways CARTA and the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny benefit UC San Diego's graduate students.

As an international student I was not eligible for most graduate fellowships, but CARTA saw the value in me and my research and provided funding that helped me focus my time on my research projects.

Tanushree Agrawal PhD '23
Psychology



CARTA took me out of my very narrow field of focus and reminded me about the scope of research as a whole. My Ph.D. research can feel very isolating and insignificant at times, and CARTA has been able to connect me to other Ph.D. students and faculty from departments that are completely different from my own.

Mika Caplan PhD Candidate
Biomedical Sciences



CARTA was a critical cog in my
professional experience and remains
a key touch-point with the University
now that I am out of academia. Any
UC San Diego donations would be
focused on CARTA.

Ben Cipollini PhD '14



CARTA's courses, meeting, and symposia provided me with an unparalleled opportunity to share my own research and consider questions of human evolution from a multi-disciplinary perspective. This approach, synthesizing ideas from multiple lines of research, was also important to my dissertation.

Emily Davis PhD '23



In addition to contributing to my scientific perspective, CARTA was "home" for me as a graduate student; through CARTA I found mentorship, relationships, and inspiration that was essential to my success as a graduate student; and therefore, a fundamental component of my continued career as a scientist.

Whitney Friedman PhD '17 Cognitive Science



I strongly recommend that all incoming students give serious consideration to participating in the specialization as it enables students to approach their coursework and research studies with a broader historical perspective and importance.

Anupam Garg PhD '19, MD '21 Neurosciences



This interdisciplinary environment enables me to explore the evolutionary implications of glycobiological processes in the context of human development, offering insights into the molecular mechanisms that underlie the distinct features of human evolution.

Juston Jaco PhD Candidate



The opportunity CARTA provides for interdisciplinary cross pollination is invaluable. When so many academic fields are siloed off from each other, CARTA brings the discussion into a single room. I can think of no other single academic program that effectively brings everyone together to address a topic as difficult and diverse as human origins.

Stephen Johnston PhD '19



It is such a unique program and has brought more purpose to my Ph.D. and it has challenged me intellectually more than I ever have been before. It's humbling and a huge privilege to interact with and learn from some of the brightest minds in the world on a topic that is so fundamental to who we are as humans. Reid Larsen PhD Candidate



Thank you for offering this program
- it was by far the most enriching and
thought-provoking part of my time at
UC San Diego.

Emily Little PhD '17
Psychology



I think the strongest impact CARTA made on me was that it helped shift my focus from my narrow Ph.D. topic to see how it fit within the broader conversation surrounding human evolution.

Corinna Most PhD '18
Anthropology



My worldview has been broadened through CARTA and its members, and I have learned so much through going through the coursework and particularly the symposia. I've also appreciated meeting and hearing from those in the humanities as well as natural sciences. This is definitely a unique place.

Shubhra Murarka PhD Candidate

Anthropology



CARTA has been the single most intellectually engaging, academically diverse, and downright fun experience of my graduate education. it has significantly enhanced my ability to engage with my field's own literature, particularly in trying to tease apart what aspects of human cognition and pathologies we are *actually* studying when using mouse models. CARTA brings together world experts from so

many fields, and allows us students to interact with them in ways that are unparalleled in any of the opportunities offered by my home department.

Nicholas Nelson PhD Candidate

Nicholas Nelson PhD Candidate Biological Sciences



CARTA made a huge impact on my experience as a PhD student. It allowed me to take my general scientific knowledge and apply it beyond my narrow research question to sweeping philosophical questions about what it means to be human. It was instrumental in introducing me to a network of people with vastly different backgrounds (e.g. art, anthropology) who challenged me to think about my research and anthropogeny from a new perspective.

Catie Profaci PhD '22



CARTA was critical to my PhD studies - from the perspective of my academic growth, personal development, and overall enjoyment. I was surrounded by creative, smart, and engaging scientists at all career stages and from all different disciplines.

Andrew Schork PhD '16
Cognitive Science



Having the privilege to be part of the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny informed my research in invaluable ways, helping me to further develop my capacity to understand and integrate scientific knowledge, as well as to mediate between different types of knowledge bases in order to further develop my interdisciplinary dissertation research that brings together the fields of art history and anthropogeny.

Hande Sever PhD Candidate
Visual Arts



The most important element of research is what questions we choose to ask. CARTA begins every symposium by emphasizing some of the biggest questions pervading human existence.

Michael Vaill PhD '21 Biomedical Sciences



This program and its cross-disciplinary nature have yielded some of the most fundamental experiences I have had as a graduate student, and I hope this program will continue on for many, many years to come. Two years of fellowship funding, which has granted me countless hours of much needed time to dedicate toward my research. I also cannot stress enough how impactful the field course in Africa was in terms of gaining and solidifying Anthropogeny content knowledge, experiencing firsthand accounts from field researchers, which could not be matched by reading any textbook or research article.

Katie Van Alstyne PhD Candidate



Selected Student Comments, Continued

Being trained to look at research through an evolutionary lens made me realize that this framework is deeply lacking in the applied domain of my field --- and that's turned into a paper in-prep. Anne Yilmaz PhD Candidate



CARTA has played a fundamental role in my development as an academic throughout my PhD. It has exposed me to new ideas regarding human evolution that I have then applied to my PhD research. It has also connected me with scholars from all around the world and other PhD students on UCSD's campus.

James Yu PhD Candidate



Through CARTA, I felt I had a home within the larger UCSD community, and the international community as well.

Rachel Zarndt PhD '16
Biomedical Sciences



The points of view of other CARTA students and faculty in regular research rounds have refined my own ways of thinking about the academic work on cultural evolution; this refinement has continued through the CARTA symposia and seeped into my own academic work.

Matt Zaslansky PhD Candidate



Scan the QR code to view the full list of student comments.



STUDENT INVOLVEMENT IN SYMPOSIA

Synthesizing insights based on data from outside one's own field of study is a primary skill the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny seeks to develop in students. This is achieved through student participation in CARTA symposia, which bring together eminent researchers from diverse areas of expertise to present on relevant human origins topics. Students "shadow" the symposium speakers, engage in ensuing discussion sessions, and submit written summaries of the speakers' presentations. They also present at symposium "preview" and "digest" meetings led by Anthropogeny faculty. This provides students with rich opportunities to participate in scientific conferences as peers, meet "scientific heroes" within and outside their respective fields, and expand their knowledge base.



Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students and speakers at the November 2023 CARTA symposium, Comparative Anthropogeny and Other Approaches to Human Origins.

Where are they now?

The 42 UC San Diego graduate students who have completed the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny have moved onto a range of positions in academia, medicine, non-governmental organizations, government, and industry. The following is a brief overview of the current achievements of 25 of the graduates:



Melanie Beasley PhD '16
Assistant Professor, Biological Anthropology,
Purdue University



Emily Verla Bovino PhD '17
Assistant Professor, Art History,
York College, City University of New York



Alie Caldwell PhD '19

Medical Writer,

Health & Wellness Partners, LLC;

Co-creator and Host. Neuro Transmission



Ben Cipollini PhD '14 Founding AI Engineer, Galileo AI



Leela Davies MD '15, PhD '13 Associate Director, Translational Sciences, BioNTech SE



Kyle Fischer PhD '18
Senior Scientist, Gene Therapy Research,
Neurocrine Biosciences



Whitney Friedman PhD '17 Interdisciplinary Marine Scientist, UC Santa Cruz



Anupam Garg MD '21, PhD '19 Resident Physician, Wilmer Eye Institute, Johns Hopkins Medicine



Kiri Hagerman PhD '18 Production Editor, Annual Reviews



Postdoctoral Research Fellow, UC Davis MIND Institute



Jeremy Karnowski MS '12 Principal, Technical Training, TetraScience



Megan Kirchgessner PhD '21 Postdoctoral Fellow, New York University School of Medicine



Landon Klein PhD '18 Director of U.S. Policy, Future of Life Institute



Caroline Lew PhD '18 Postdoctoral Fellow, UCSF Weil Institute for Neurosciences



Emily Little PhD '17 Founder, Executive Director, Nurturely



Hope Morgan PhD '17 Guest Researcher, Leiden University, Netherlands



Corinna Most PhD '18 Adjunct Assistant Professor, Iowa State University



siner PhD '21 Sequoyah Reynoso PhD '18 ellow, Adjunct Professor, Carroll Community College



Tim Sainburg PhD '21 Postdoctoral Fellow, Harvard University



Andrew Schork PhD '16
esearch Leader, Copenhagen University Hospital



Nina Semushina PhD '17 Postdoctoral Scholar, University of Chicago



Heidi Sharipov MEng '16 r. R&D Biomedical Engineer, Canary Medical



Camille Toarmino PhD '17 Data Sciences Manager, Snapdocs



Robert Thomas MD '16, PhD '14 Endocrinologist, UC San Diego Health



Rachel Zarndt PhD '16
Grants and Agreements Management, USDA

Matrix of Comparative Anthropogeny (MOCA)

MOCA ORIGINS AND RATIONALE

The Matrix of Comparative Anthropogeny (MOCA) started as a simple list of features allegedly unique to humans complied by Ajit Varki (Founding Executive Co-Director of CARTA and Distinguished Professor of Medicine and Cellular and Molecular Medicine at UC San Diego). With the establishment of CARTA came the opportunity to expand and correct this list, which has grown to over 600 topics across 24 scientific domains.

MOCA attempts to collect existing information currently scattered in the literature about human-specific differences from great apes (O'Bleness et al., 2012; Vaill et al. 2023). Having such information in one location could lead to new insights and multidisciplinary interactions, and to ethically sound studies to explain differences, as well as distinctly-human specializations. MOCA is called a matrix for this reason. This approach will hopefully allow us to connect the dots among different distinctly-human traits and shed light on

how and in what sequence these have evolved. Furthermore, it may allow us to connect different specializations and potentially discover which may have caused others. Importantly, such a chronology will be very helpful in ruling out certain scenarios due to inconsistencies in timing.

MOCA is organized into 24 different domains based on areas of scientific knowledge, and each topic is assigned to the domain it most closely relates to. Topics are cross-listed with others across all domains when warranted. For example, the entry on "composition of milk" in the MOCA domain, Biochemistry, is cross-listed with blood group antigens (Pathology), domestication (Behavior), duration of lactation (Development), parental investment (General Life History), sialic acid content of the brain (Neuroscience), difficulty in breastfeeding, breast development without pregnancy/lactation (Reproductive Biology and Disease), and with microbiome (Ecology).

Comparative Anthropogeny (COMP/ANTH)

AN OPEN-ACCESS, ONLINE COMPENDIUM OF DISTINCTLY HUMAN FEATURES

The Comparative Anthropogeny (CompAnth) project is an open access, online, and peer-reviewed resource compiling all known or suspected features that appear distinct to the human species. Humans present a paradoxical constellation of "biologically enculturated" characteristics (intertwined biological and cultural inheritance) with no parallel among extant species. It is poorly understood how, why, when, and in what order these distinctly-human features evolved. Currently, there is no

available peer-reviewed resource that compiles all known or suspected human-specific features.

CompAnth will address this deficiency and bridge remaining gaps in knowledge. This resource will facilitate the generation of practical insights for navigating the many challenges posed by the Anthropocene, the current period of human-driven planetary changes. These changes include threats to biodiversity, unstable human migration



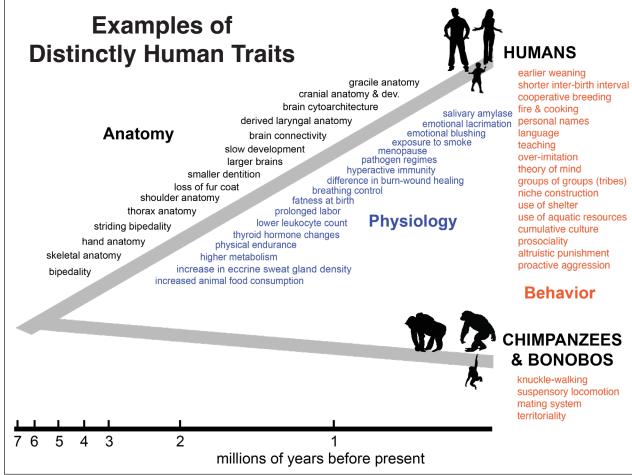
patterns, changing fertility rates, aging populations, conflicts between different cultures, global food production, aging populations, and human impacts on global climate.

CompAnth will be published through the National Library of Medicine (NLM) and its realization will be accompanied by regular public symposia on selected topics targeted to broad audiences of scholars, students, and interested public.

The scaffold for *CompAnth* is MOCA (see previous). Existing MOCA entries will undergo review and

revision prior to *CompAnth* publication while new topics will be assigned to authors by the Editorial Board (see next page).

CARTA will develop and manage the editorial process IT infrastructure (author/editor interface, web portal workflows) and curate the publication of *CompAnth* through the NLM. Publication on the NLM website will ensure its stability for decades to come.



The evolutionary lineage leading to modern humans accumulated a large number of distinctly derived traits with regard to anatomy, physiology, and behavior. From: Vaill, M., Kawanishi, K., Varki, N., Gagneux, P., & Varki, A. (2023). Comparative physiological anthropogeny: exploring molecular underpinnings of distinctly human phenotypes. *Physiol Rev*, 103(3):2171-2229.

As new knowledge becomes available, revisions of MOCA and *CompAnth* will be handled by editors and chapter authors.

CompAnth Editorial Staff and Editorial Board:

- Editor-in-Chief: Pascal Gagneux, Executive Co-Director of CARTA (expertise in evolutionary biology and comparative molecular primatology).
- Senior Editor: Ajit Varki, founder and executive Co-Director Emeritus of CARTA (expertise in medicine and biology).
- Science Editor: Jesse Robie, CARTA Program Coordinator (expertise in biological anthropology).
- Editorial Board: MOCA Domain leaders.

Scan the QR code
to learn more
about MOCA.

Museum of **Primatology (MOP)**

CARTA maintains unique and invaluable skeletal and data collections, which make up its Museum of Primatology (MOP). These collections consist of skeletons, associated veterinary samples, and records of chimpanzees (Primate Foundation of Arizona Collection - PFA) and macagues (Gavan Collection). The basic data contained within these collections have great relevance to anthropogeny and allow researchers to address questions concerning the origins of our lineage through comparative primatology. Collection data are maintained on the CARTA website and freely available for researchers around the world to utilize upon request and submission of a research proposal. Thus far, 55 requests for access have been granted and our collections have contributed to numerous anthropogeny-related studies.

PRIMATE COLLECTIONS

52 CHIMPANZEE SKELETONS

46 INSTITUTIONS

> 100 CHIMPANZEE SERA **SAMPLES**

12 COUNTRIES

68 CHIMPANZEE **VETERINARY SUMMARIES**

89 MACAQUE SKELETONS

137 MACAQUE RECORDS



PRIMATE FOUNDATION OF **ARIZONA (PFA) COLLECTION**

In July 2008, CARTA received the donation of 52 chimpanzee skeletons (adult and subadult) and veterinary data, including longitudinal blood sera samples of 89 chimpanzees and their veterinary records, that were ethically and meticulously collected over three decades by the Primate Foundation of Arizona (PFA). PFA was a nonprofit corporation whose primary goal was to improve the care and management of captive chimpanzees using results from studies conducted at the facility.



GAVAN COLLECTION

The collection consists of skeletal materials of rhesus macaques (Macaca mulatta), from a long-term (1958-1972) growth study directed by the late James A. Gavan, Professor of Anthropology at the University of Missouri, Columbia. The collection contains 89 skeletons, 15 lab books detailing growth records on the 117 animals included in the study, ~6,000 radiographs, and dental casts showing eruption sequences.

CURATION PROJECT

CARTA staff, assisted by UC San Diego students and volunteers, extensively curated the chimpanzee and macaque collections to ensure all materials were properly cleaned and preserved (both their physical state and provenance), that all determinable characteristics were assessed and recorded (species, sex, age, bone, bone side, pre- and post-mortem modification, storage wear, etc.), and that they were properly inventoried, cataloged, and securely stored in archival boxes in environmentally controlled conditions.

The entire PFA chimpanzee skeletal collection and some Gavan collection macaques were digitized through computed tomography (CT) scanning with assistance from collaborators at UC San Diego's Medical Center and the San Diego Supercomputer

In addition, MOP staff and San Diego Supercomputer Center programmers developed a proprietary digital database system with all necessary data fields required to record information derived from analysis. Upon completion of curation and analysis, all relevant information and materials were uploaded to the database, and MOP established access and use policies for researchers.

Curation efforts of the PFA Collection have led to:

• Cataloging of the 52 physical subjects (representing 10,039 bone objects), including analysis, preservation, and proper storage.

• Summarization of all veterinary records, which include compiled information from ~60.000 numerical and narrative pages of data, results from diagnostic tests (x-rays, ultrasounds, biopsies, cultures, etc.), serum hematology and chemistry tests, and necropsy data, if available. For many individuals, both the samples and associated records span all of the animal's developmental stages and continue well into adulthood (>20 years).

Curation efforts of the Gavan Collection have led

- Cataloging of 89 physical subjects, including analysis, preservation, and proper storage.
- Digital scanning of 137 subject records, which contain detailed longitudinal (entire life history of the subject) and biological (anthropometry, morphology, etc.) information for each subject.
- Dental cast identification and curation (>1,000 plaster dental casts for numerous subjects throughout their lives).

CARTA acknowledges the generous support for this project by the late Annette C. Merle-Smith.







Detailed preparation of the Museum of Primatology (MOP) chimpanzee skeletal material (far left) was required to ensure efficient and consistent placement inside the Computed Tomography (CT) machine (top left). Once scanned, the digital information for each skeleton was processed into an image (below left). Because CT scanning records a plethora of information, the digital skeletons can be manipulated in space, measured, and even "cut" into slices to examine interior aspects.



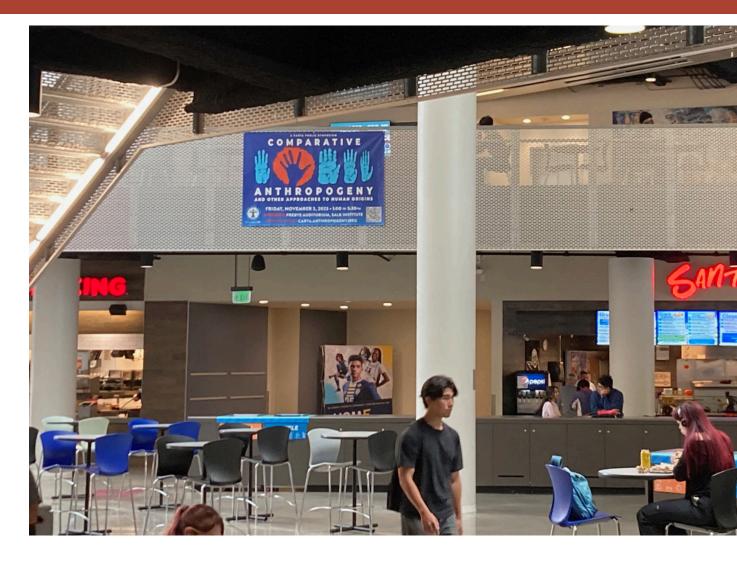
PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

An important aspect of CARTA's mission is to "explore and explain the human phenomenon" while raising awareness and understanding of the study of human origins within the academic community and the public at large. These activities have taken a variety of forms and are the core of CARTA's local and global community engagement.

In support of CARTA's symposia, which attract local and international audiences, public outreach and engagement is aimed at bolstering their visibility and appeal to academics and the lay public, as well as generating a greater online presence.

Marketing of CARTA symposia is through traditional and online media outlets. Symposium co-chairs have appeared on San Diego's KPBS Midday Edition to promote the event and to provide important context to listeners who may also attend a symposium. Announcements are shared through a range of San Diego's print and digital publications and calendars (e.g., Eventbrite, KPBS, La Jolla Light, San Diego Magazine, San Diego Reader, San Diego Union-Tribune).

Direct contact with interested departments/groups at UC San Diego is also made through targeted email campaigns (Department of Anthropology, Alumni Association, Chancellor's Associates, Emeriti Association, Osher Lifelong Learning Institute, York Society, etc.).



CARTA also engages with other local academic institutions/schools (including community colleges) and like-minded organizations (e.g., Sanford Consortium for Regenerative Medicine, La Jolla Institute for Immunology, Sanford-Burnham Medical Research Institute, The Scripps Research Institute, San Diego Museum of Us, and San Diego Botanic Garden).

Interested local retirement communities (e.g., Vi at La Jolla Village, Wesley Palms) livestream or rebroadcast CARTA's symposia on site, enabling their residents to view the talks.

Marketing beyond the San Diego region targets relevant institutions of higher learning, professional communities, and scientific societies (e.g., American Anthropological Association [AAA], American Association of Biological Anthropologists [AABA], Arizona State University Institute of Human Origins [ASU IHO], Eastern Africa Association for Palaeoanthropology and Palaeontology [EAAPP], Kavli Science and Society).

CARTA announcements are also shared broadly through our social media platforms (see right) and by symposium speakers and their institutions.

carta.anthropogeny.org

carta-info@anthropogeny.org

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CARTA's Informal Learning Offerings

Engaging with and educating interested minds provides CARTA an opportunity to showcase the value anthropogeny has for humanity. Below is a sample of our educational outreach efforts.

OSHER LIFELONG LEARNING INSTITUTE

Since 2013, CARTA has partnered with UC San Diego's Extended Learning's Osher Lifelong Learning Institute to offer biannual "Master Classes" on a range of anthropogeny-related topics. This year's "Anthology of Anthropogeny" included talks by local UC San Diego CARTA members and, for the first time, a student from the Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny:

Human high-altitude adaptation

Dr. Tatum Simonson (Associate Professor, Health Sciences)

The Planet Altering Ape

Dr. Pascal Gagneux (Professor, Anthropology and Pathology)

Anthropogeny Graduate Specialization Experience Nicholas Nelson (Graduate Student, Biology)

Why talk to babies? To grow their brains!

Dr. Rachel Mayberry (Professor, Linguistics)

Animal Communication

Dr. Federico Rossano (Professor, Cognitive Science)

To date, the CARTA-Osher partnership has produced 6 CARTA Master Classes, 30 CARTA Master Class Lectures, 20 CARTA Member Speakers/1 Graduate Student Speaker, with ~75 attendees per CARTA Master Class.

OSHER LIFELONG LEARNING INSTITUTE UC San Diego

CARTA's longstanding partnership with UC San Diego's Extended Learning's Osher Lifelong Learning Institute has provided exemplary anthropogeny classes to the local community since 2013.

TED^x UC San Diego

On May 18, 2024, CARTA's Executive Co-Director, Dr. Pascal Gagneux, delivered a compelling talk at TEDx UC San Diego's event, *Expiration Date*. Held on the UC San Diego campus, the event explored "...the fleeting nature of existence, emphasizing how the passage of time brings both progress and decline."

In his talk, We are the Planet Altering Ape, Dr. Gagneux discussed how humanity, through technological advancements and rapid population growth, is driving the sixth mass extinction and potentially accelerating our own demise. He also emphasized the importance of understanding our origins to better comprehend why our species has impacted the world and how the evolution of uniquely human traits-such as cooperation, communication, imagination, and self-awareness-can be harnessed to address critical global challenges.

His talk is available online at the $\mathsf{TED}^\mathsf{x}\,\mathsf{UC}\,\mathsf{San}\,\mathsf{Diego}\,\mathsf{website}\,\mathsf{and}\,\mathsf{YouTube}.$



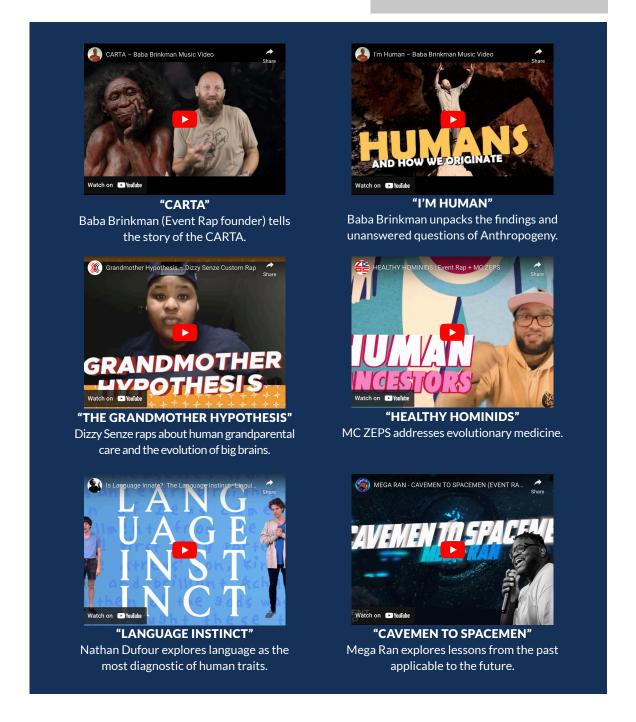
Pascal Gagneux (CARTA Executive Co-Director, Chair of the Department of Anthropology, and UC San Diego Professor of Anthropology and Pathology) was the featured speaker at the May 3, 2024, TED^x UC San Diego event.

CARTA Rap Videos

CARTA commissioned Event Rap to produce educational anthropogeny videos, provided much of the content, and was engaged in the creative process with each artist.

Scan the QR code to watch.





General Public Comments

Although CARTA originally grew from an academic impulse, it became evident that the value of its mission is important to the public and crosscuts segments of both local and global human societies. These select comments demonstrate the diverse ways the public appreciates CARTA and its content.

Vivek Babu, Chennai, India

"...Several thematic lectures really shaped my thought process and my research choices and importantly stood as the guardrail in guiding my personal perspectives and views that are essential for humanistic thinking. As a long-term remote participant of CARTA, I wish the services of CARTA to continue for the welfare of researchers across the world."

William Bechtel, San Diego, California, United States

"CARTA serves multiple important functions, from providing a public forum for discussions of issues related to human origins to educational opportunities for students and information on its rich website. It is an asset for the University, the San Diego community, and the world."

Marjorie Carlson, Kirkland, Washington, United States

"I am just a layperson who really loves learning about human evolution and the species that preceded us. Even as a kid I checked out all the library books I could on the topic, but they were all decades out of date. CARTA's videos have given me the kind of access to new research and perspectives that I've always dreamed of..."

Philip De Barros, San Diego, California, United States

"As a Palomar Community College professor of anthropology, I supported the CARTA program by providing extra credit to my students in biological and cultural anthropology as well as archaeology to attend CARTA symposia... "...Studying our evolution and development should make us better humans. This endeavor, and studying the fundamental physical properties of the universe, are the foundational scientific pursuits of our time."

> - David Buccigrossi '79, MD '84 Chair, Chancellor's Associates, UC San Diego



Some of the students who attended were impressed with UC San Diego and the CARTA program and some later applied and attended UC San Diego as undergraduates."

John Fogelvik, Delsbo, Sweden

"I have many times recommended CARTA to people both offline and online, adding that it is my favorite academic institution. The multidisciplinary approach is extremely important to me and what I cite to others as one of the top reasons to go look through past symposia..."

Declan Healy, San Diego, California, United States

"CARTA provides a great deal of value towards and training and encouragement of anthropogeny students (like myself) ... CARTA provides a beautiful online library of resources available to burgeoning prospective anthropogeny students/researchers to aid in their learning of such an advanced topic often not covered in the normal school curriculum for most majors."

Rachelle McCalla, Atlantic, Iowa, United States

"I find CARTA to be valuable for providing information, news, and new insights in the field of human origins.

This is an area of research that has always fascinated me, but it's also an area of research steeped in myth and mystery, so I appreciate that CARTA takes it seriously and provides scientific rigor to the discussion."

Sheila Mishra, Pune, India

"...I am a palaeolithic archaeologist, but many topics are out of my direct expertise and it is easier to understand their findings from the talks rather than their academic papers. These programs are not only valuable for the general public but also for experts in related fields."

Kathleen Ragan, Alexandria, Virginia, United States

"...It is so valuable to have a space in which scholars can push the boundaries of traditional thinking and effectively present interdisciplinary ideas. As we begin to understand the depth of connection and interdependence between biology, culture, and the physical and social worlds, CARTA serves as a much needed, trailblazing unifier."

João Ricardo Rebuge Pereira, Marco de Canaveses, Portugal

"To know ourselves and our background is essential to construct a better future for our Human Community. The goals of CARTA are essential to understand our place and to define our future steps. To know the best we can about our past and origins is the best way to achieve a better Future Destiny."

Jose Rene M. Sansait, Philippines

"CARTA provides me with the opportunity to update my knowledge about human evolution. I really appreciate that this endeavor is free, but more so, I admire the dedication and eagerness of the people behind it and of the contributors or panelists to so many relevant topics of my interest. Thank you."

Arnie Schoenberg, San Diego, California, United States

"CARTA provides excellent Anthropogeny lectures with world-renowned speakers and high-quality but digestible content. I teach at a community college feeder school and CARTA also serves to introduce prospective transfer students to UC San Diego."

Pete Swan, Cornwall, United Kingdom

"I learn best through YouTube (stroke survivor) and CARTA is maybe the best in the world for video content, prolific, always understandable, always great quality film and audio... All amazing that it's all free to view to anyone interested in where they came from."

Amie Webster, Wilmington, Delaware, United States

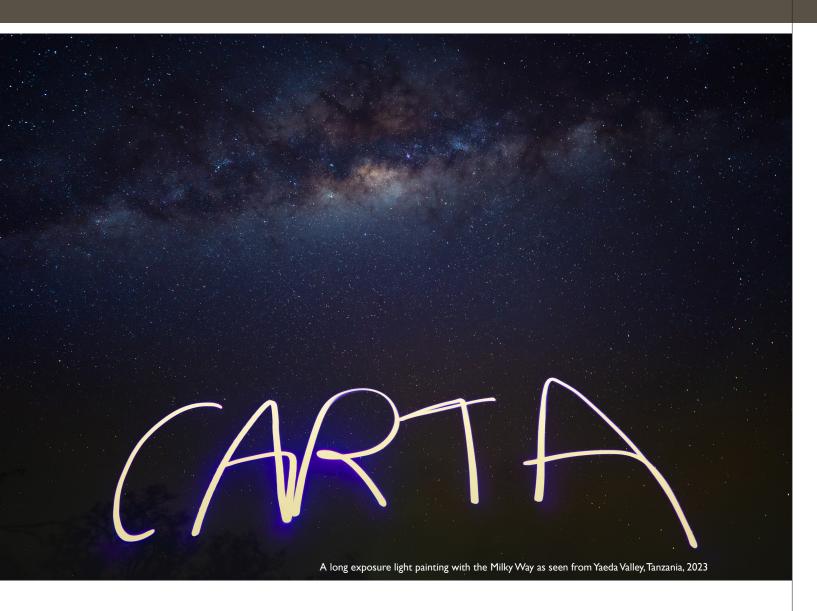
"I love this program. It expands my horizons and enriches my life."

Harshada Yadav, San Diego, California, United States

"The symposiums organized by CARTA have been a treat to me. I feel, after each one, I return with rekindled curiosity and awe (and the energy to work towards understanding) how marvelous it is to be humans."

Scan the QR code to view more general public comments.





The Value of CARTA

What started as an improbable, purely academic, and intellectual venture, has grown into an international effort to explain and explore the origin of humans, share knowledge with a global audience, and provide precious educational opportunities for graduate students across General Campus and Health Sciences at UC San Diego.

Our species is the planet-altering ape. A better understanding of our origins promises important insights into human nature, how it evolved in the biocultural context of prehistory, and how it may facilitate or constrain the many urgently needed solutions to profoundly existential challenges at local and global scales. CARTA provides a unique, transdisciplinary scaffold for this important endeavor.

New Insights and Remaining Questions

We have learned many important details about human origins over the last few decades. Stone tools were being made in Africa before the appearance of the genus *Homo*. Fire use is older than our species, *Homo sapiens*. Modern humans originated in Africa but only recently expanded across the globe where some populations exchanged DNA with Neanderthals and Denisovans

(archaic hominin species). However, many basic questions remain

unanswered (see side bar). CARTA will continue to pursue these questions by drawing on expertise from the

disciplines shown here.

biological sciences engineering & computing sciences

humanities

ANTHROPOGENY

physical & chemical sciences biomedical sciences social sciences

Future Efforts

SYMPOSIA

Upcoming CARTA symposia currently planned for 2025:

- The Origin of Love (February 2025)
- Mismatch: Human Origins and Modern Disease (May 2025)
- Ancient DNA: New Revelations (October 2025)

2025 FIELD COURSE

In summer 2025, ten Graduate Specialization in Anthropogeny students will embark on a once-in-a-lifetime learning opportunity to Eastern Africa to study human origins in the field. They will experience the landscapes and ecosystems of today's Eastern Rift Valley where many fossils are found. They will learn how these fossils are preserved and studied. They will also live with modern foragers to experience nonagrarian subsistence. Finally, the students will conduct comparative primatology at the Greater Mahale Ecosystem Research Conservation (GMERC) site, where they will work with primatologists who study wild chimpanzees, red-tailed monkeys, and baboons. In its 11th year, CARTA's 2025 Anthropogeny Field Course is shaping up to be the most exciting and life-changing rendition yet.

FUNDRAISING

CARTA is actively pursuing funding opportunities to continue its programs by:

- deepening relationships with current donors;
- cultivating new individual donor and corporate sponsorships; and
- seeking grant and foundation support.





UC San Diego



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